## Ham 45H – ASL Firmware: Pi from Scratch

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- 1. The diminutive Raspberry Pi (RasPi, Pi) is a little computer that uses a camera card for its memory and programming.
  - a. Obtain a Raspberry Pi. Model 3 B+ is the preferred tradeoff of usefulness versus heat generation.
  - b. Model 2 does not have built in WiFi and Model 4 creates excess heat. 3B need heatsink, 4 needs fan.
  - c. Acquire a power supply 5.1V with microUSB connector, rated 2.5A for Model 3 and 3.0 A for Model 4.
  - d. Acquire a MastersCommunication.com RL-20 radio adapter board. It comes with USB-A to USB-B cable.
  - e. Acquire a micro-SD ( $\mu$ SD), 8 32 GB, Class 10, U3 or greater; preferably SanDisk Extreme.
  - f. Avoid 64GB or larger. Raspberry uses FAT32. SD cards larger than 32 GB are exFAT format.
  - Use PC or Laptop to create the card image (\*.img). This is like transferring photos.
  - a. Download an image to write to the card from http://downloads.allstarlink.org/index.php?b=ASL Images Beta.
  - b. Select the ASL Beta image for Raspberry Pi. Use latest version.
  - c. Download will take several seconds.
  - d. Follow instructions to unzip or extract the zip file. This will take a few minutes.
  - e. Save the image (\*.img) on your computer in a readily accessible location.
  - f. Write down the location.

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- 3. Download the Raspberry Pi Imager app for writing to SD cards. <u>https://www.raspberrypi.com/software/</u>
  - a. Place the card in the appropriate slot on your computer. An adapter may be required.
  - b. The card will likely be loaded as drive G: Observe which drive it is.
  - c. Start the app. Choose storage to select the microSD card device.
  - d. Choose storage. Scroll down to Use Custom.
  - e. Select the AllStarLink image saved earlier.
  - f. RPI app will (1) format SD card with FAT32, (2) copy the .img, (3) then verify. All in one.
- 4. Other tools may be helpful for maintenance and backup.
  - a. These are all downloadable by searching with Browser.
  - b. Be careful with clicks. SourceForce downloads stuff you do not want.
  - c. "SD Card Formatter" will properly format FAT32 up to 32GB cards. https://www.sdcard.org/downloads/formatter/sd-memory-card-formatter-for-windows-download/
  - d. "Win32DiskImager" will read and write images to SD cards after they are formatted. https://sourceforge.net/projects/win32diskimager/
  - e. The app can copy your existing image and save on the PC for later use.
  - f. Be sure to select "Read only active partitions.
  - g. Otherwise, the image will not be rewritable on different SD cards.
  - h. Follow the instructions.
  - i. When using app, press OK and Exit before removing cards from the slot.
- 5. Put it together.
  - a. Connect the Pi to the RL-20 using a USB-A to USB-B connector cable.
  - b. Insulate the circuit boards or better install them in a case.
  - c. Connect Ethernet cable
  - d. Connect the power supply to the Pi.
  - e. Connect the power supply to the wall.
  - f. First red then flashing green lights should show on the corner of the board by the plug.
- 6. With a browser search for "PuTTY". Download.
- 7. Follow Ham 45H ASL Firmware: Elmer Card for general set-up. This will get you running.
- 8. If you want more information or want to tweak configuration files consider these articles.
  - a. Ham 45B ASL Firmware: Pi Headless has more discussion.
  - b. Ham 45D ASL Firmware: Configure COS LED is the set-up for the LED used in troubleshooting.
  - c. Ham 45G ASL Firmware: simpleusb & rpt.conf is for configuration.files. Set CTCSS=off in simpleusb.conf.
  - d. Ham 45E ASL Firmware: Audio Adjust has details about audio configuration.
- 9. Life is good. Enjoy!







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